IN THE CLAIMS

For the convenience of the Examiner, all pending claims of the Application are reproduced below.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for service flow mobility, comprising: queuing traffic for a mobile device in one of a plurality of class of service queues <u>in a gateway</u> for the mobile device;

altering an association of the class of service queues for the mobile device from a first sector to a second sector in response to at least a sector change for the mobile device; and

holding post-sector-change packets for the mobile device temporarily in a buffer <u>in</u> <u>the gateway</u> until pre-sector-change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues <u>in the gateway</u>.

- 2. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, further comprising reformatting the class of service queues by altering a type of class of service queues for the mobile device based on admission criteria of the second sector.
- 3. **(Original)** The method of Claim 2, wherein the admission criteria comprises classes of service available in the second sector.
- 4. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 2, further comprising after reformatting the class of service queues, placing the held post-sector-change packets in the class of service queues.
- 5. **(Original)** The method of Claim 1, wherein altering the association comprises altering an object link.
- 6. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, wherein the post-sector-change packets are identified by a label.

- 7. **(Original)** The method of Claim 1, wherein the sector change comprises a primary sector change.
- 8. **(Original)** The method of Claim 7, further comprising scheduling traffic out of the class of service queues for delivery to the mobile device through a corresponding class of service of the primary sector for the mobile device.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the pre-sector-change packets comprise packets that have already been queued at a time of the sector change.
- 10. **(Original)** The method of Claim 1, wherein packet labels are used to identify pre-sector-change packets and post-sector-change packets.
- 11. **(Previously Presented)** The method of Claim 1, further comprising in response to at least a further sector change, prior to emptying the pre-sector-change packets from the class of service queues, holding further post-sector-change packets for the mobile device until the pre-sector-change and the post-sector-change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues.
- 12. **(Currently Amended)** A system for service flow mobility, comprising: means for queuing traffic for a mobile device in one of a plurality of class of service queues **in a gateway** for the mobile device;

means for altering an association of the class of service queues for the mobile device from a first sector to a second sector in response to at least a sector change for the mobile device; and

means for holding post-sector-change packets for the mobile device temporarily in a buffer <u>in the gateway</u> until pre-sector-change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues <u>in the gateway</u>.

- 13. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 12, further comprising means for after emptying the class of service queues reformatting the class of service queues by altering a type of class of service queues for the mobile device based on admission criteria of the second sector.
- 14. **(Original)** The system of Claim 13, wherein the admission criteria comprises classes of service available in the second sector.
- 15. **(Previously Presented)** The system of Claim 13, further comprising means for after reformatting the class of service queues, placing the held post-sector-change packets in the class of service queues.
- 16. **(Original)** The system of Claim 12, wherein altering the association is by altering an object link.
- 17. **(Previously Presented)** The system of Claim 12, wherein a destination of the packets is identified using labels.
- 18. **(Original)** The system of Claim 12, wherein the sector change comprises a primary sector change.
- 19. **(Original)** The system of Claim 18, further comprising means for scheduling traffic out of the class of service queues for delivery to the mobile device through a corresponding class of service of the primary sector for the mobile device.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 12, wherein the pre-sector-change packets comprise packets that have already been queued at a time of the sector change.

- 21. **(Original)** The system of Claim 12, wherein labels are used to identify presector-change packets and post-sector-change packets.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 12, further comprising means to, in response to at least a further sector change, prior to emptying the pre-sector-change packets from the class of service queues, holding further post-sector-change packets for the mobile device until the pre-sector-change and the post-sector-change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues.
- 23. **(Currently Amended)** A system for service flow mobility comprising logic encoded in media, the logic operable to:

queue traffic for a mobile device in one of a plurality of class of service queues <u>in a</u> <u>gateway</u> for the mobile device;

alter an association of the class of service queues for the mobile device from a first sector to a second sector in response to at least a sector change for the mobile device; and

hold post-sector-change packets for the mobile device temporarily in a buffer <u>in the</u> <u>gateway</u> until pre-sector-change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues <u>in the gateway</u>.

- 24. **(Previously Presented)** The system of Claim 23, further comprising logic operable to, after emptying the class of service queues, reformat the class of service queues by altering a type of class of service queues for the mobile device based on admission criteria of the second sector.
- 25. **(Original)** The system of Claim 24, wherein the admission criteria comprises classes of service available in the second sector.
- 26. **(Previously Presented)** The system of Claim 24, further comprising after reformatting the class of service queues, logic operable to place the held post-sector-change packets in the class of service queues.

- 27. **(Original)** The system of Claim 23, wherein the logic operable to alter the association does so by altering an object link.
- 28. **(Previously Presented)** The system of Claim 23, wherein a destination of the packets is identified using labels.
- 29. **(Original)** The system of Claim 23, wherein the sector change comprises a primary sector change.
- 30. **(Original)** The system of Claim 29, further comprising scheduling traffic out of the class of service queues for delivery to the mobile device through a corresponding class of service of the primary sector for the mobile device.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 23, wherein the pre-sector-change packets comprise packets that have already been queued at a time of the sector change.
- 32. **(Original)** The system of Claim 23, wherein labels are used to identify presector-change packets and post-sector-change packets.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 23, further comprising means to, in response to at least a further sector change, prior to emptying the pre-sector-change packets from the class of service queues, holding further post-sector-change packets for the mobile device until the pre-sector-change and the post-sector-change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues.

34. **(Original)** A method for service flow mobility that maintains packet order comprising:

receiving at a gateway sending data to a mobile device a sector change notification indicating that a primary sector of the mobile device has changed from a first sector to a second sector;

generating labels for incoming data packets destined for the mobile device received after the sector change notification, the label associated with the second sector;

applying the labels to the incoming data packets;

buffering the incoming data packets in a buffer list;

deleting object links corresponding to the mobile device from a first sector-specific object list in the gateway, wherein the first sector-specific object list corresponds to the first sector;

creating object links corresponding to the mobile device in a second sector-specific object list in the gateway, wherein the second sector-specific object list corresponds to the second primary sector; and

queuing data packets from the buffer list when the existing queue of data packets destined for the mobile device have been transmitted.

- 35. **(Original)** The method of Claim 34, wherein the flow of the data packets is divided into a plurality of microflows.
- 36. **(Original)** The method of Claim 35, wherein the microflows correspond to classes of service.
- 37. **(Original)** The method of Claim 34, wherein data packets are queued according to class of service.
- 38. (Original) The method of Claim 37, wherein the existing queue of data packets corresponds to the classes of service available in the first sector.

- 39. **(Original)** The method of Claim 37, wherein the queuing of data packets from the buffer list corresponds to the classes of service available in the second sector.
- 40. (Original) The system of Claim 34, further comprising means to, in response to at least a further section change, prior to emptying the pre-sector change packets for the class of service queues, holding further post-sector change packets for the mobile device until the pre-sector change and the post-sector change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues.
- 41. **(Original)** A system for service flow mobility that maintains packet order comprising:

means for receiving at a gateway sending data to a mobile device a notification that the primary sector of the mobile device has changed;

means for deleting object links corresponding to the mobile device from a sectorspecific object list in the gateway, wherein the sector-specific object list corresponds to the old primary sector;

means for creating object links corresponding to the mobile device in another sectorspecific object list in the gateway, wherein the other sector-specific object list corresponds to the new primary sector;

means for changing the labels of incoming data packets destined for the mobile device;

means for buffering the incoming data packets in a buffer list;

means for queuing and transmitting data packets from the buffer list when the existing queue of data packets destined for the mobile device have been transmitted.

- 42. **(Original)** The system of Claim 41, wherein the flow of the data packets is divided into a plurality of microflows.
- 43. **(Original)** The system of Claim 42, wherein the microflows correspond to classes of service.

- 44. **(Original)** The system of Claim 41, wherein data packets are queued according to class of service.
- 45. **(Original)** The system of Claim 44, wherein the existing queue of data packets corresponds to the classes of service available in the old sector.
- 46. **(Original)** The system of Claim 44, wherein the queuing of data packets from the buffer list corresponds to the classes of service available in the new sector.
- 47. (Original) The system of Claim 41, further comprising means to, in response to at least a further section change, prior to emptying the pre-sector change packets for the class of service queues, holding further post-sector change packets for the mobile device until the pre-sector change and the post-sector change packets have been emptied from the class of service queues.
- 48. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, further comprising: generating the buffer in the gateway to temporarily hold the post-sector-change packets; and

placing the post-sector-change packets in the buffer according to a label that identifies the post-sector-change packets.